

What's **SAP**pening

BROUGHT TO YOU BY THE CENTER FOR HUMANISTIC CHANGE STUDENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM LIAISONS

November / 2020



Upcoming Events

- National Family Caregivers Month
- Nov. 3 National Sandwich Day
- Nov. 5 National Love Your Red Hair Day
- Nov. 8 National Cappuccino Day
- Nov. 17— Prematurity
 Awareness Day
- Nov. 18 Mickey Mouse's Birthday
- Nov. 19 The Great American Smokeout
- Nov. 21 International Survivors of Suicide Loss Day
- Nov. 26 National Family Health History
- Nov. 30 National Meth Awareness Day

Good teaching is more a giving of right questions than a giving of right answers. - Josef Albers

Center for Humanistic Change 555 Union Blvd. , Suite #7 Allentown, PA 18109 610-443-1595

For more information: Karen Kohn, SAP Administrator kkohn@thechc.org





Meth Facts to Know

• Methamphetamine (Meth) is usually a white, bitter-tasting powder or a pill. Crystal meth looks like glass fragments, bluish-white rocks.

• Meth is a stimulant drug that is chemically similar to amphetamine (a drug used to treat ADHD and narcolepsy).

• Meth can be smoked, swallowed, snorted, or injected.

• Meth increases the amount of dopamine in the brain, which is involved in movement, motivation, and reinforcement of rewarding behaviors.

▶ Short-term health effects include increased wakefulness, physical activity, decreased appetite, and increased blood pressure and body temperature.

• Long-term health effects include risk of addiction; risk of contracting HIV and hepatitis; severe dental problems ("meth mouth"); intense itching, leading to skin sores from scratching; violent behavior; and paranoia.

• Meth can be highly addictive. When people stop taking it, withdrawal symptoms can include anxiety, fatigue, severe depression, psychosis, and intense drug cravings.

• Researchers don't yet know if people breathing in secondhand methamphetamine smoke can get high or suffer other health effects.

• A person can overdose on meth. Because meth overdose often leads to a stroke, heart attack, or organ problems, first responders and emergency room doctors try to treat the overdose by treating these conditions.

▶ The most effective treatments for meth addiction so far are behavioral therapies. There are currently no government-approved medications to treat meth addiction.

The Great American Smokeout®

Quitting smoking isn't easy. It takes time. And a plan. You don't have to stop smoking in one day. Start with day one. Let the Great American Smokeout event on Thursday, November 19th, be your day to start your journey toward a smoke-free life. You'll be joining thousands of people who smoke across the country in taking an important step toward a healthier life and reducing your cancer risk. The American Cancer Society can help with resources and support.



Why is this event important? More than 34 million Americans still smoke cigar ettes, and smoking remains the single largest preventable cause of death and illness in the world. Smoking causes an estimated 480,000 deaths every year, or about 1 in 5 deaths. And more than 16 million Americans live with a smoking-related disease. While the cigarette smoking rate has dropped significantly, from 42% in 1965 to 14% in 2017, the gains have been inconsistent. Some groups of Americans suffer disproportionately from smoking-related cancer and other diseases, including those who have less education, who live below the poverty level, or who suffer from serious psychological distress, as well as certain racial and ethnic groups. Electronic cigarettes of any kind only contribute to the problem.

Contact: The American Cancer Society at: 1-800-227-2345 or visit: cancer.org/healthy/stay-away-from-tobacco/great-american-smokeout.html



Stats and Facts

Approximately **5%** of the population is transgender

Over **10%**

of transgender people recently attempted suicide within in the year

Trans people are **2x** more likely to think about and attempt suicide than lesbian, gay, or bisexual people

22% to 43%

of transgender people have attempted suicide in their lifetime

2/3%

of trans youth report recent self-harm within the year



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ALCOHOL PROGRAMS TOM WOLF, GOVERNOR JENNIFER SMITH, SECRETARY

CHC Student Assistance Program Team Stephanie Dorney, Senior Liaison: sdorney@thechc.org Nicole Elias: neliase@thechc.org Jennifer Hanley: jhanley@thechc.org Meredith MaKoul: mmakoul@thechc.org Delia Mitchell: dmitchell@thechc.org Rosalie Moyer: rmoyer@thechc.org Wendy Texter: wtexter@thechc.org Kim Ynfanten De Sanfioippo: kyanfante@thechc.org www.thechc.org • 610-443-1595 S55 Union Blvd. Suite 7 Allentown, PA 18109



Mental Health America's Family Caregivers Toolkit

Mental Health America (MHA) recognizes November as National Family Caregivers Month, a time to celebrate the contributions of caregivers, provide them with tools that they need, and continue to advocate for individuals with mental illness.

MHA created the **Family Caregivers Toolkit** to help caregivers strengthen relationships with their loved ones with mental illness through materials that educate and empower.

If you are a caregiver, with the right tools and perspectives, you can work together with your loved one as a team to accomplish goals, find a treatment plan, and be prepared in the event of a crisis.

MHA wants everyone to know that when we take the time to invest in our mental health, we can focus on creating an inclusive world for caregivers and their loved ones to thrive, together.

The toolkit includes:

- Fact sheets on:
- Goal setting
- Treatment supports
- Preparing for an appointment
- Treatment options and The HIPAA Privacy Rule;

Crisis plan worksheet:

• Sample social media post language and shareable images

Drop-In article for newsletters

Key messages

• Posters for use in clinicians' offices, and other places where caregivers may spend time

Additional resources.

If you think you or a loved-one may be experiencing signs of a mental illness, go to: **www.mhascreening.org** and take a free, quick and confidential screen for depression, bipolar disorder, anxiety, PTSD, and/or Al-cohol or Substance Use problems.

Download the Tool Kit:

https://mhanational.org/get-involved/ download-2019-family-caregivers-toolkit

